

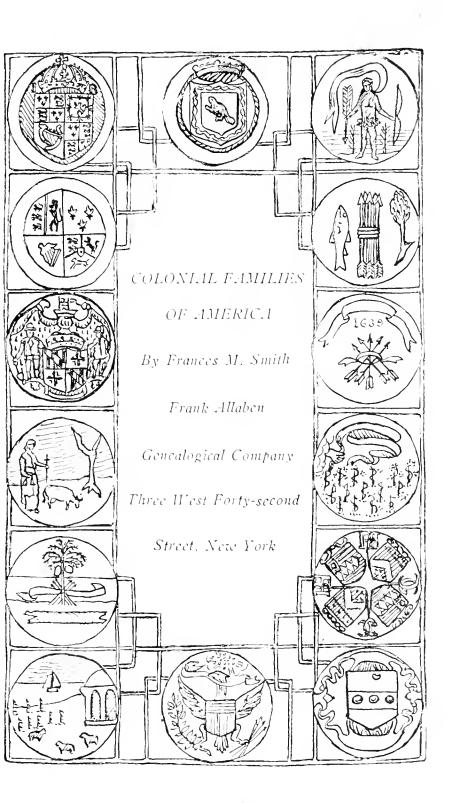
CS 71 .H396 19099

That the same of t



Glass ____

Book ____



COLONIAL FAMILIES OF AMERICA

BY ELEANOR LEXINGTON

Seven volumes, 12mo., cloth; each volume illustrated by a frontispiece and forty or more Coats-of-Arms.

Each volume contains historical sketches of forty American families, each sketch illustrated by at least one Coat-of-Arms, and occasionally by two. The main points covered in these family sketches are: (1) the origin of the family surname; (2) some account of the early history of the family in Europe; (3) the different American families of the same name, with accounts of the immigrant-founders and of some of their descendants; (4) members of the family who have figured prominently in Colonial times; (5) Revolutionary soldiers; and (6) Coats-of-Arms.

Since the two hundred and eighty families treated in this series of seven volumes bear names which are widespread (for example, the sixty "common names of the world," as enumerated by Lower, are all included in the list), there are few Americans of Colonial stock who will not discover, as they trace out their lines of descent, that at least ten or twenty of their ancestral families have been included in these books.

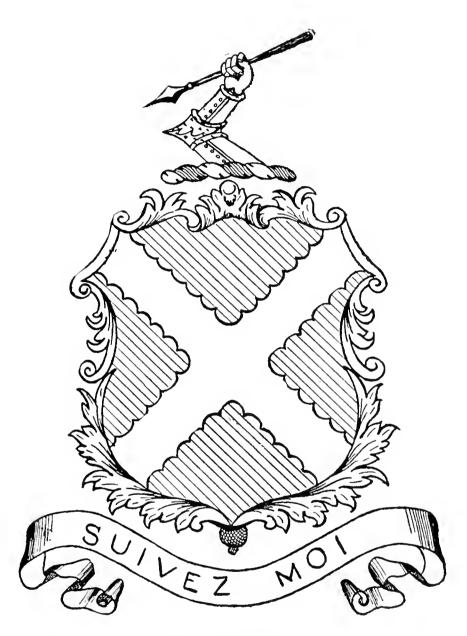
The volumes are sold singly or in sets. Price, per volume, \$2,00; carriage, 10 cents. Price, per set of seven volumes, \$10; carriage, 70 cents. The sketch of each family, printed by itself, with Coat-of-Arms, and bound in paper cover, \$1,00; two copies, \$1,50; three copies, \$2,00; five copies, \$3,00; ten copies, \$5,00; twenty-five copies, \$10,00.

Any purchaser of the sketch of a single family for \$1.00 may purchase the volume containing this sketch by the payment of \$1.00 additional, plus the cost of carriage; or may purchase the set for \$9.00, plus the cost of carriage.

The families treated in the several volumes of the series will be found listed on the inside back cover.



CS71 . H = 70 | 1907 =



hawley

HAWLEY FAMILY

HISTORY BEGINS WITH WALTER DE HAULEIGH, FOUR-TEENTH CENTURY—ONE ACCOMPANIED HIS MON-ARCH AT FIELD OF CLOTH OF GOLD—WAS MADE KING OF ARMS.

A green plat in a valley, in the North of England, is called a haw; in Scotland, a small bit of ground, a haugh. Ley, leaz and lea are old Saxon words for a field or sward.

Some one, once upon a time, or before time was, the knowing ones tell us, lived in a small green field. He had no surname, no one had, but, assuming airs—perhaps he had inherited some money—he chose a name. What more appropriate than haw-leaz—or, if a Scotsman, haugh-leaz, or lea? His friends and neighbors were requested to address him as Mr. Haugh-Leaz—"a

hyphen, if you please."

The name looks well—quite imposing, indeed. But friends and neighbors—especially friends—sometimes feel called upon to discipline you for your good. "Haugh-Leaz, Esq.," was too grand; the name might engender pride. So they wrote him down Hauleigh, or Hawles, or Haylea, or Haley, or Haulley, or Haylea, finally arriving at Hawley. The name has also appeared in old documents as de la Haye, and de la Hagh. This means "of the hedge," or, freely rendered, living near a hedge. This may have been the first form of Hawley. Hay, haye, or have, are old Saxon for hedge. Names perhaps derived from this root are Hay, Hayes, Haynes, Hawes, Haworth, Hawton. Haywood, Hayward, Heywood, Hayland, Roundhay, and Lyndshay.

Chaucer used haw-haw for a farmyard, and church-

have is church-yard.

In Kent there is a village named Hayeleigh, and we find seats of the Hawleys in Kent—Leybourne Grange

—as well as in Somerset and Derbyshire. The home in Kent is near that of the nobleman who had the fol-

lowing ambiguous notice posted up:

"Notice is hereby given that the Marquis of Camden (on account of the backwardness of the harvest) will not shoot himself nor any of his tenants till the 14th of September."

Walter de Hauleigh is the first of the Hawley family of whom record is preserved, and of him we know but little. He was member of Parliament in the year of

grace 1377.

Thomas Hawley, messenger of the bedchamber to Henry VIII., was with that monarch at the Field of the Cloth of Gold. He was appointed king of arms and herald, with the title. Clarenceux King of Arms. His heraldic Visitation of Essex, Surrey, and Hampshire,

or a copy, is in the British Museum.

Sir Francis Hawley raised a troop of horse, at his own expense, for Charles I., who created him a baronet -Baron Hawley. Henry C. Hawley, brigadier-general, was second in command of cavalry at Fontenov in 1745, succeeding to the command upon the death of the superior officer. He was in command at Ghent, and, according to Horace Walpole, frightened the magistrates out of their wits by kicking downstairs a messenger sent with a bribe. In his will, which is an eccentric one, he asks for a funeral without ostentation. "I will have no show any more than if a poor soldier. Written with my own hand, because I have a poor opinion of the law." Benjamin Hawley was aide to Lord Hill at Waterloo.

The Hawleys have always loved books, many being veritable bookworms. There was Sir Joseph Hawley, born in 1813, a noted turfman, who won many a race with his thoroughbreds. He was devoted to books, and left the most valuable library in Kent. The Shakespeare scholar and librarian of the memorable library at Stratford-on-Avon was Frederick Hawley, born 1827. He made a catalogue of all the known editions of

Shakespeare's plays in every language—the most com-

plete catalogue in existence.

Joseph Hawley, of Derbyshire, in 1629 started out to seek his fortune in the New World. He settled in Stratford, Conn., where he held the office of Town Clerk and Treasurer, which office proved no sinecure, for taxes were paid in wheat, peas, Indian corn, and the like, which the collector must store, sell, or deliver for shipment to distant markets. He was one of a committee to draft a patent, which is still preserved, signed by Governor Robert Treat. Another forefather in Stratford was Samuel. He may have been the son of James Hawley, of Brentford, born 1558, for some of the latter's children were settlers here. Hawley, Mass., and Hawleyville, Conn., were thus named in honor of a forefather. Another pilgrim was Thomas, who came from Derbyshire, in 1650, to Roxbury, Mass.

Patriots the Hawleys have always been, willing, when necessary, to pledge their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honors. True to their flag, they have fought hard in time of war. Gideon Hawley, of Connecticut, was chaplain in the French and Indian war. David, Nathan, and Abraham were in the Revolution. The chairman of the Massachusetts committee, sent to the Provincial Congress, 1774, was Joseph Hawley of North-

ampton.

General Joseph Roswell Hawley, a member of the Southern branch of the family, and born in North Carolina, removed to Hartford, Conn., and was Governor of that State. The meeting for the organization of the Republican party was held in his office, at his call, February 4, 1856. He was a believer in the American

people and the "American way."

Family tradition gives us much interesting data. There is the account of the marriage of Nathan Hawley, of Stratford, and Silence Mallory. Wedding ceremonies lasted several days, with dances and feasting and much merrymaking. When Nathan and Silence wished to entertain their friends in their new home,

that they might not incur a fine in case the guests remained after nine o'clock, they obtained permission for their party from a town officer. No one was allowed to entertain company after nine in the evening. Part of the frolic of a wedding celebration was to bar the pathway of the newly married, when they wended their way to their new home. Obstacles of various kinds were placed in their path; trees were sometimes felled, or grapevines tied across the road.

The arms reproduced, that of Thomas, of Roxbury, are: Vert, a saltire or St. Andrew's cross, engrailed, argent.

Crest: A dexter arm in armor, proper, garnished or, holding in the hand a spear, in bend, sinister, point

downward, also proper.

Motto: Suivez moi—"Follow me." Et suivez moi is used as one Hawley motto. These are the arms of the present owner of Leybourne Grange, Kent. The crest of the Hawleys of County Hants, England, is a winged thunderbolt. This family is descended from Francis, Lord Hawley, so created in the seventeenth century. One member was Robert, who married Susan, daughter of Lord Saye and Sele.

Regarding the symbolism of the arms reproduced, a saltire denotes resolution; engrailed signifies land or earth; an arm in armor, one fitted for performance of high enterprises; the spear was bestowed only upon a valiant soldier, and is emblematic of knightly service

and devotion to honor.

COLONIAL FAMILIES OF AMERICA.

LYMINES	Or
VOLUME	ł.
Freeman	Me

		AOPCRE 1	•	
Bacon	Cary	Freeman	Merritt	Sewall
Bailey	Conway	Goodridge	Miner	Smith
				Todd
Baldwin	Dickinson	Griffith	Montgomery	
Ball	Dubais	llawley	Osgood	Wallace
Bancroft	Edwards	Hor(on	Phillips	Wendell
Bradford	Field	Loomis	Read	Wilson
Brooks	Fisher	Manning	Roosevelt	Winslow
				Wright
Brown	\mathbf{Pox}	Martin	Savage	WIIGHT
		VOLUME I	I,	
Adams	Cooper	Haves	Page	Taylor
	Daniel		Parker	Tracy
Anderson		Hubbard		
Ballou	Draper	Jennings	Perkins	Walker
Booth	Eliot	Jones	Putnam	Walworth
Briggs	Fairbanks	Lapham	Rawson	Washington
Cabell	French	Morgan	Roberts	Welles
	Gilbert	Neale	Robinson	Wheeler
Clapp			Sinclair	Woodhouse
Clendenin	Hatch	Neville		Woodhouse
		AOFLWE H	1.	
Alexander	Cooke	Goode	Knox	Sharp
Barker	Cushman	Graham	Lawson	Stevens
			Maxwell	St. John
Barrington	Davis	llart		
Beardsley	Downing	Hill	Osborne	Thomas
Branch	Eaton	Holmes	$\operatorname{Pe}(\mathbf{r}\mathbf{y})$	Tompkins
Cannon	Fitzhugh	Howe	Rockwell	Valentine
Chapman	Franklin	Jenkins	Rogers	Williams
Child	Gifford	King	Saunders	Young
China	GIHOIG	·		Tours
		AOPAME IA	<i>.</i> .	
Barton	Courtenay	Hammond	Luce	Ross
Bass	Cox	Harris	Mann	Shannon
				Stark
Bates	Fletcher	Heiskell	Marshall	
Bird	Godfrey	Henderson	McDonald	Thompson
Blake	Grant	Hoskins	More	Tuttle
Chase	Graves	lves	Morrison	Wade
Clark	Green	Jackson	Pope	Wetmore
Cole	Hall	Knight	Preston	Wood
Core	Hall	_		() ()()()
		VOLUME V	•	
Abell	Goodwin	Kendall	Morris	Proctor
Barnes	Gray	Lamb	Morse	Richard on
Bassett	Hamer	Landen	Moultrle	Ridley
Bennett	Hamilton	Langford	Newhouse	Russell
Carter	Hamlin	Lee	Newport	Scott
Digges	Hull	${ m McCormick}$	Oakes	Staples
Fay	Hume	Merryman	Parsons	Tilton
Fuller	Kearns	Mitchell	Pratt	Watson
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	VOLUME V		
				~.
Austin	Catheart	Gardiner	Marsh	Shaw
Bernard	Christian	Hoyt	McAllister	Simpson
Bliss	Crane	Hunt	Meade	Sprague
Borden	Curtis	Jessup	Odell	Turner
Breeden	Douglas		Pease	Ward
		Lamprey		
Brodie	1 milley	Lawrence	Reynold -	Webster
Butler	Fleming	Lewis	Richards	White
Campbell	Foster	Madison	Ryan	Whitney
VOLUME VII				
Ullon	Commenda			Donton
Allen	Carpenter	Flournoy	Law	Porter
Andrews	Chambers	Fowler	Lloyd	Price
Anthony	Cumming	Hopkins	Lucas	Sherman
Baker	Cunningham	Hughes	Mason	Stone
Bartholomew	Davies	Humphrey	Moore	Tait
Belcher	Drake	James		Warren
Benton			Morton	
	Ely	Johnson	Palmer	Witherspoon
Boone	Evans	Lane	Piercu	⊈uitte(Ewell)

ANCESTRY TRACED
HERALDIC RESEARCH
GENEALOGIES PRINTED
AND PUBLISHED
COATS OF ARMS EMBLAZONED

FRANK ALLABEN
GENEALOGICAL COMPANY
Three West Forty-Second Street
New York

Persons interested in families which might apprepriately be included in future volumes of Colon all Lamilies of America are incited to correspond with the P (blishers).







